

Sample &

Buv



LM135, LM135A, LM235, LM235A, LM335, LM335A

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LMx35, LMx35A Precision Temperature Sensors

Technical

Documents

1 Features

- Directly Calibrated to the Kelvin Temperature Scale
- 1°C Initial Accuracy Available
- Operates from 400 µA to 5 mA
- Less than 1-Ω Dynamic Impedance
- Easily Calibrated
- Wide Operating Temperature Range
- 200°C Overrange
- Low Cost

2 Applications

- Power Supplies
- Battery Management
- HVAC
- Appliances

3 Description

Tools &

Software

The LM135 series are precision, easily-calibrated, integrated circuit temperature sensors. Operating as a 2-terminal zener, the LM135 has a breakdown voltage directly proportional to absolute temperature at 10 mV/°K. With less than 1- Ω dynamic impedance, the device operates over a current range of 400 µA to 5 mA with virtually no change in performance. When calibrated at 25°C, the LM135 has typically less than 1°C error over a 100°C temperature range. Unlike other sensors, the LM135 has a linear output.

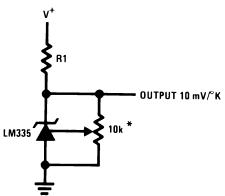
Applications for the LM135 include almost any type of temperature sensing over a -55° C to 150° C temperature range. The low impedance and linear output make interfacing to readout or control circuitry are especially easy.

The LM135 operates over a -55° C to 150° C temperature range while the LM235 operates over a -40° C to 125° C temperature range. The LM335 operates from -40° C to 100° C. The LMx35 devices are available packaged in hermetic TO transistor packages while the LM335 is also available in plastic TO-92 packages.

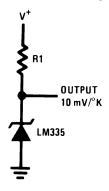
Device information						
PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)					
TO 46 (2)	4 600 mm 4 600 mm					
10-46 (3)	4.699 mm × 4.699 mm					
TO 00 (0)	4.00 mm + 4.00 mm					
10-92 (3)	4.30 mm × 4.30 mm					
	4.00 mm + 2.01 mm					
3010 (0)	4.90 mm × 3.91 mm					

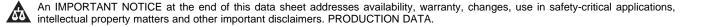
(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

Calibrated Sensor



Basic Temperature Sensor Simplified Schematic





Device Information⁽¹⁾

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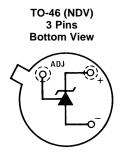
4 Revision History

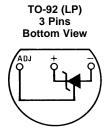
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

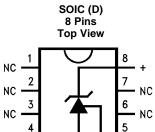
С	hanges from Revision D (March 2013) to Revision E	Page
•	Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	
С	hanges from Revision C (November 2012) to Revision D	Page
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	18



5 Pin Configuration and Functions







Pin Functions

ADJ

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	P	IN		I/O	DESCRIPTION			
NAME	TO-46	TO-92	SO8	1/0	DESCRIPTION			
	—	—	1					
N.C.	_	—	2	_	No Connection			
	_	_	3					
-	_	_	4	0	Negative output			
ADJ	_	_	5	I	Calibration adjust pin			
	_	_	6		Na Connection			
N.C.	_	_	7	1 —	No Connection			
+	—	—	8	I	Positive input			

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) $^{(1)(2)(3)(4)}$

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Reverse Current			15	mA
Forward Current			10	mA
Storage temperature,	8-Pin SOIC Package	-65	150	°C
T _{stg}	TO / TO-92 Package	-60	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) Refer to RETS135H for military specifications.

(3) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(4) Soldering process must comply with the Reflow Temperature Profile specifications. Refer to http://www.ti.com/packaging.

6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
	LM135, LM135A	Continuous ($T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$)	-55		150	°C
	LIVITSO, LIVITSOA	Intermittent ⁽¹⁾	150		200	
Creatified Temperature		Continuous ($T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$)	-40		125	°C
Specified Temperature	LM235, LM235A	Intermittent ⁽¹⁾	125		150	
		Continuous ($T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$)	-40		100	°C
	LM335, LM335A	Intermittent ⁽¹⁾	100		125	
Forward Current			0.4	1	5	mA

(1) Continuous operation at these temperatures for 5,000 hours for LP package may decrease life expectancy of the device.

6.3 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		LM235 / LM235A TO-92 (LP)	LM135 / LM135A TO-46 (NDV)	UNIT
		8 PINS	3 PINS	3 PINS	
R _{θJ}	A Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	165	202	400	°C/W
R _{θJC}	C Junction-to-case thermal resistance		170		0.700

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

6.4 Temperature Accuracy: LM135/LM235, LM135A/LM235A⁽¹⁾

DADAMETED		TEST CONDITIONS	LM135A/LM235A			LM135/LM235			UNIT
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Output	ut Voltage	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$	2.97	2.98	2.99	2.95	2.98	3.01	V
Uncalibrated Te	mperature Error	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.5	1		1	3	°C
Uncalibrated Te	mperature Error	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA		1.3	2.7		2	5	°C
Temperature Er	ror with 25°C	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA		0.3	1		0.5	1.5	°C
Calibration	Calibrated Error at Extended	$T_{C} = T_{MAX}$ (Intermittent)		2			2		°C
Temperature	Non-Linearity	I _R = 1 mA		0.3	0.5		0.3	1	°C

(1) Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.

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6.5 Temperature Accuracy: LM335, LM335A⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	LM335A			LM335			
	FARAIMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Operating Output	Voltage	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$	2.95	2.98	3.01	2.92	2.98	3.04	V
Uncalibrated Terr	nperature Error	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$		1	3		2	6	°C
Uncalibrated Terr	nperature Error	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA		2	5		4	9	°C
Temperature Erro	or with 25°C	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA		0.5	1		1	2	°C
Calibration	Calibrated Error at Extended	$T_{C} = T_{MAX}$ (Intermittent)		2			2		°C
Temperature	Non-Linearity	I _R = 1 mA		0.3	1.5		0.3	1.5	°C

(1) Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.

6.6 Electrical Characteristics

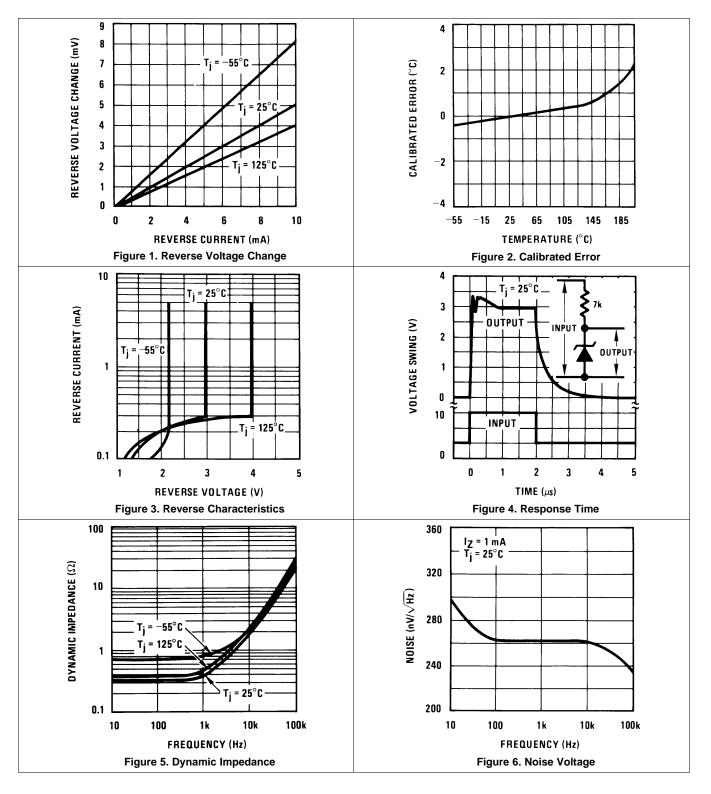
See (1).

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LM135/LM235/LM135A/LM 235A			LM3	UNIT		
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Operating Output Voltage Change with Current	400 μ A ≤ I _R ≤ 5 mA, At Constant Temperature		2.5	10		3	14	mV
Dynamic Impedance	I _R = 1 mA		0.5			0.6		Ω
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient			10			10		mV/°C
Time Constant	Still Air		80			80		sec
	100 ft/Min Air		10			10		sec
	Stirred Oil		1			1		sec
Time Stability	$T_{\rm C} = 125^{\circ}{\rm C}$		0.2			0.2		°C/khr

(1) Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.



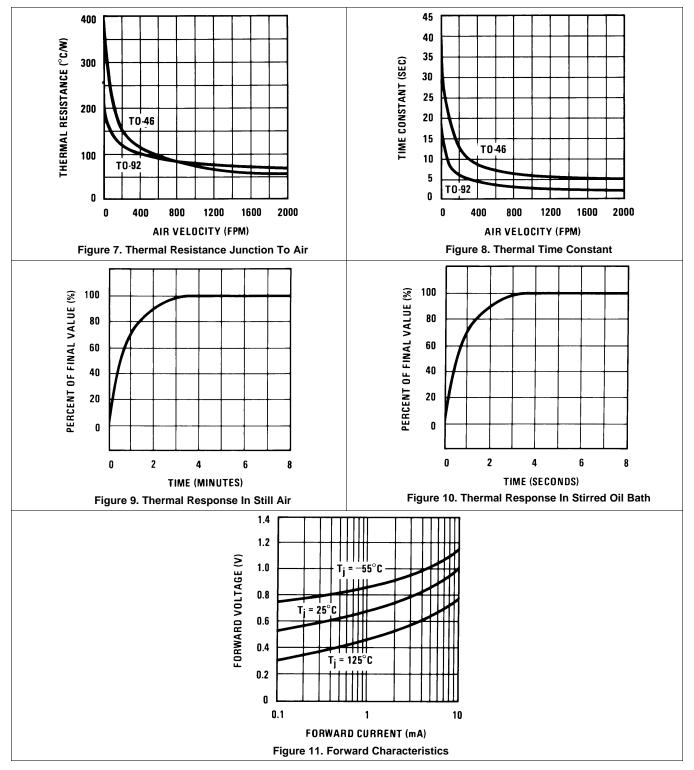
6.7 Typical Characteristics



6



Typical Characteristics (continued)



7 Detailed Description

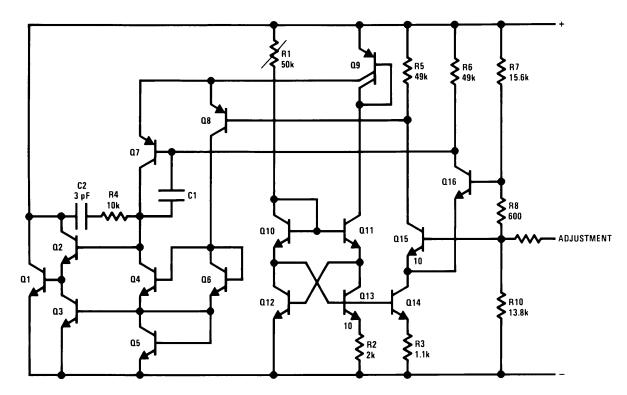
7.1 Overview

Applications for the LM135 include almost any type of temperature sensing over a −55°C to 150°C temperature range. The low impedance and linear output make interfacing to readout or control circuitry especially easy.

The LM135 operates over a -55°C to 150°C temperature range while the LM235 operates over a -40°C to 125°C temperature range. The LM335 operates from -40°C to 100°C.

Operating as a 2-terminal zener, the LM135 has a breakdown voltage directly proportional to absolute temperature at 10 mV/°K. With less than 1- Ω dynamic impedance, the device operates over a current range of 400 µA to 5 mA with virtually no change in performance. When calibrated at 25°C, the LM135 has typically less than 1°C error over a 100°C temperature range. Unlike other sensors, the LM135 has a linear output.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Temperature Calibration Using ADJ Pin

Included on the LM135 chip is an easy method of calibrating the device for higher accuracies. A pot connected across the LM135 with the arm tied to the adjustment terminal (as shown in Figure 12) allows a 1-point calibration of the sensor that corrects for inaccuracy over the full temperature range.

This single point calibration works because the output of the LM135 is proportional to absolute temperature with the extrapolated output of sensor going to 0-V output at 0 K (-273.15°C). Errors in output voltage versus temperature are only slope (or scale factor) errors so a slope calibration at one temperature corrects at all temperatures.

The output of the device (calibrated or uncalibrated) can be expressed as:

$$V_{OUT_{T}} = V_{OUT_{T_{0}}} \times \frac{T}{T_{0}}$$

where



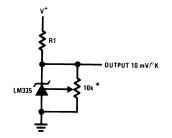
(1)

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Feature Description (continued)

- T is the unknown temperature in degrees Kelvin
- T_o is a reference temperature in degrees Kelvin

By calibrating the output to read correctly at one temperature the output at all temperatures is correct. Nominally the output is calibrated at 10 mV/K.



Calibrate for 2.982V at 25°C

Figure 12. Calibrated Sensor

7.4 Device Functional Modes

The LM135 has two functional modes calibrated and uncalibrated. For optimum accuracy, a one point calibration is recommended. For more information on calibration, see *Temperature Calibration Using ADJ Pin*.

9



8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

To insure good sensing accuracy, several precautions must be taken. Like any temperature-sensing device, selfheating can reduce accuracy. The LM135 should be operated at the lowest current suitable for the application. Sufficient current, of course, must be available to drive both the sensor and the calibration pot at the maximum operating temperature as well as any external loads.

If the sensor is used in an ambient where the thermal resistance is constant, self-heating errors can be calibrated out. This is possible if the device is run with a temperature-stable current. Heating will then be proportional to zener voltage and therefore temperature. This makes the self-heating error proportional to absolute temperature the same as scale factor errors.

8.2 Typical Application

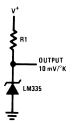


Figure 13. Basic Temperature Sensor

8.2.1 Design Requirements

PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Accuracy at 25°C	±1°C
Accuracy from -55 °C to 150 °C	±2.7°C
Forward Current	1 mA
Temperature Slope	10m V/K

 Table 1. Design Parameters

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

For optimum accuracy, R1 is picked such that 1 mA flows through the sensor. Additional error can be introduced by varying load currents or varying supply voltage. The influence of these currents on the minimum and maximum reverse current flowing through the LM135 should be calculated and be maintained in the range of 0.4 mA to 5 mA. Minimizing the current variation through the LM135 will provide for the best accuracy. The Operating Output Voltage Change with Current specification can be used to calculate the additional error which could be up to 1 K maximum from the LM135A, for example.



8.2.3 Application Curve

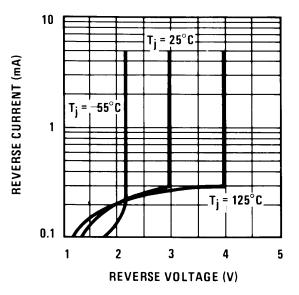


Figure 14. Reverse Characteristics

8.3 System Examples

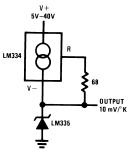
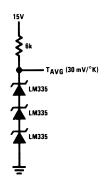


Figure 15. Wide Operating Supply



6k TMIN 10 mV/°K LM335 LM335 LM335

15V

Figure 16. Minimum Temperature Sensing

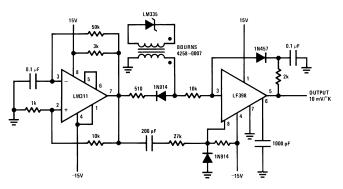


Figure 18. Isolated Temperature Sensor

Wire length for 1°C error due to wire drop

Figure 17. Average Temperature Sensing

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System Examples (continued)

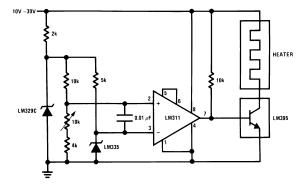
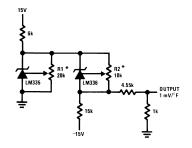


Figure 19. Simple Temperature Controller



Adjust R2 for 2.554V across LM336.

Adjust R1 for correct output.

Figure 21. Ground Referred Fahrenheit Thermometer

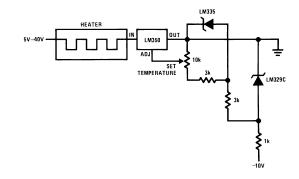
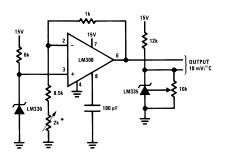
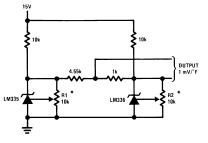


Figure 20. Simple Temperature Control



Adjust for 2.7315V at output of LM308

Figure 22. Centigrade Thermometer



To calibrate adjust R2 for 2.554V across LM336.

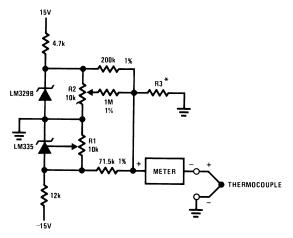
Adjust R1 for correct output.

Figure 23. Fahrenheit Thermometer



System Examples (continued)

8.3.1 Thermocouple Cold Junction Compensation



Compensation for Grounded Thermocouple Select R3 for proper thermocouple type

Figure 24. Thermocouple Cold Junction Compensation

THERMO-COUPLE	R3 (±1%)	SEEBECK COEFFICIENT
L	377 Ω	52.3 μV/°C
Т	308 Ω	42.8 μV/°C
К	293 Ω	40.8 µV/°C
S	45.8 Ω	6.4 µV/°C

Adjustments: Compensates for both sensor and resistor tolerances

1. Short LM329B

2. Adjust R1 for Seebeck Coefficient times ambient temperature (in degrees K) across R3.

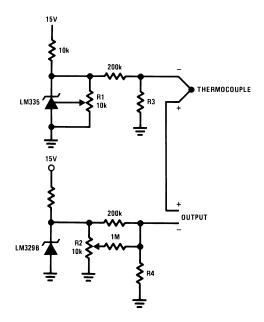
- 3. Short LM335 and adjust R2 for voltage across R3 corresponding to thermocouple type.
- J 14.32 mV K 11.17 mV
- T 11.79 mV S 1.768 mV

THERMO-COUPLE	R3	R4	SEEBECK COEFFICIENT					
J	1.05K	385Ω	52.3 μV/°C					
Т	856Ω	315Ω	42.8 µV/°C					
К	816Ω	300Ω	40.8 µV/°C					
S	128Ω	46.3Ω	6.4 µV/°C					
Adjustments:								

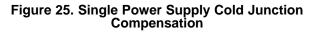
1. Adjust R1 for the voltage across R3 equal to the Seebeck Coefficient times ambient temperature in degrees Kelvin.

2.	Adjust R2 for voltage across R4 corresponding to thermoc				
	J	14.32 mV			
	Т	11.79 mV			
	К	11.17 mV			
	S	1.768 mV			





Select R3 and R4 for thermocouple type



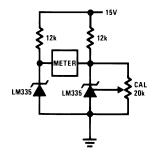
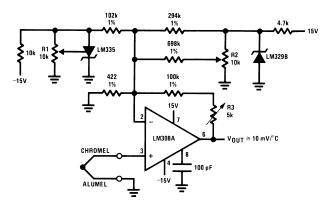


Figure 27. Differential Temperature Sensor



Terminate thermocouple reference junction in close proximity to LM335.

Adjustments:

1. Apply signal in place of thermocouple and adjust R3 for a gain of 245.7.

2. Short non-inverting input of LM308A and output of LM329B to ground.

3. Adjust R1 so that $V_{OUT} = 2.982V @ 25^{\circ}C$.

4. Remove short across LM329B and adjust R2 so that V_{OUT} = 246 mV @ 25°C.

5. Remove short across thermocouple.

Figure 26. Centigrade Calibrated Thermocouple Thermometer

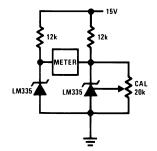
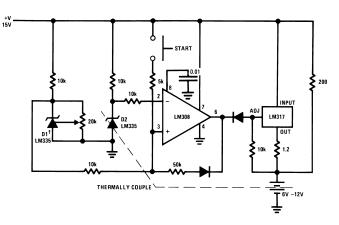


Figure 28. Differential Temperature Sensor

14 Submit Documentation Feedback

Product Folder Links: LM135 LM135A LM235 LM235A LM335 LM335A

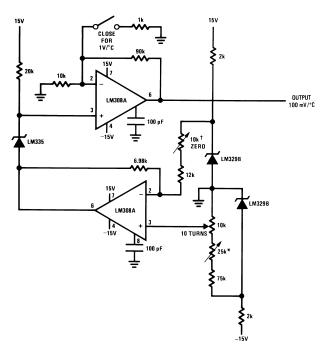




Adjust D1 to 50 mV greater V_Z than D2. Charge terminates on 5°C temperature rise. Couple D2 to battery.



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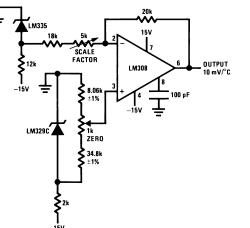


Adjust for zero with sensor at 0°C and 10T pot set at 0°C

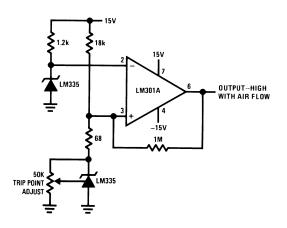
Adjust for zero output with 10T pot set at 100°C and sensor at 100°C

Output reads difference between temperature and dial setting of 10T pot

Figure 30. Variable Offset Thermometer







*Self heating is used to detect air flow

Figure 32. Air Flow Detector

Figure 29. Fast Charger For Nickel-Cadmium

Batteries

9 Power Supply Recommendations

Ensure the LM335 is biased properly with a current ranging 0.4 mA to 5 mA.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

The LM135 is applied easily in the same way as other integrated-circuit temperature sensors. Glue or cement the device to a surface and the temperature should be within about 0.01°C of the surface temperature.

Efficient temperature transfer assumes that the ambient air temperature is almost the same as the surface temperature where the LM135 leads are attached. If there is a great difference between the air temperature and the surface temperature, the actual temperature of the LM135 die would be at an intermediate temperature between the two temperatures. For example, the TO-92 plastic package, where the copper leads are the principal thermal path to carry heat into the device, can be greatly affected by airflow. The temperature sensed by the TO92 package could greatly depend on velocity of the airflow as well.

To lessen the affect of airflow, ensure that the wiring to the LM135 (leads and wires connected to the leads) is held at the same temperature as the surface temperature that is targeted for measurement. To insure that the temperature of the LM135 die is not affected by the air temperature, mechanically connect the LM135 leads with a bead of epoxy to the surface being measured. If air temperature is targeted for measurement ensure that the PCB surface temperature is close to the air temperature. Keep the LM135 away from offending PCB heat sources such as power regulators. One method commonly used for thermal isolation is to route a thermal well as shown in Figure 33 with the smallest possible geometry traces connecting back to rest of the PCB.

10.2 Layout Example

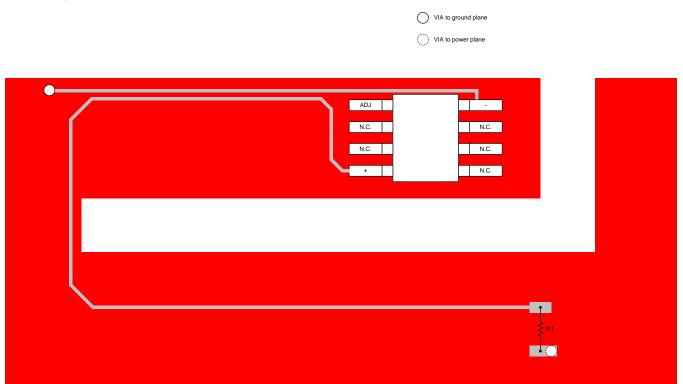


Figure 33. Layout Example

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INSTRUMENTS

Texas

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Product Folder Links: LM135 LM135A LM235 LM235A LM335 LM335A



10.3 Waterproofing Sensors

Meltable inner-core, heat-shrinkable tubing, such as manufactured by Raychem, can be used to make low-cost waterproof sensors. The LM335 is inserted into the tubing about 0.5 inches from the end and the tubing heated above the melting point of the core. The unfilled 0.5-inch end melts and provides a seal over the device.

10.4 Mounting the Sensor at the End of a Cable

The main error due to a long wire is caused by the voltage drop across that wire caused by the reverse current biasing the LM135 on. Table 2 shows the wire AWG and the length of wire that would cause 1°C error.

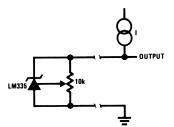


Figure 34. Cable Connected Temperature Sensor

	I _R = 1 mA	I _R = 0.5 mA ⁽¹⁾
AWG	FEET	FEET
14	4000	8000
16	2500	5000
18	1600	3200
20	1000	2000
22	625	1250
24	400	800

Table 2. Wire Length for 1°C Error Due to Wire Drop

(1) For $I_R = 0.5$ mA, the trim pot must be deleted.

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Device Nomenclature

Operating Output Voltage: The voltage appearing across the positive and negative terminals of the device at specified conditions of operating temperature and current.

Uncalibrated Temperature Error: The error between the operating output voltage at 10 mV/°K and case temperature at specified conditions of current and case temperature.

Calibrated Temperature Error: The error between operating output voltage and case temperature at 10 mV/°K over a temperature range at a specified operating current with the 25°C error adjusted to zero.

11.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
LM135	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LM135A	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LM235	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LM235A	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LM335	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LM335A	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

Table 3. Related Links

11.3 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



18

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





14-Jan-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LM135AH	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 150	(LM135AH ~ LM135AH)	Samples
LM135AH/NOPB	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-55 to 150	(LM135AH ~ LM135AH)	Samples
LM135H	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 150	(LM135H ~ LM135H)	Samples
LM135H/NOPB	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-55 to 150	(LM135H ~ LM135H)	Samples
LM235AH	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	(LM235AH ~ LM235AH)	Samples
LM235AH/NOPB	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LM235AH ~ LM235AH)	Samples
LM235H	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	(LM235H ~ LM235H)	Samples
LM235H/NOPB	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(LM235H ~ LM235H)	Samples
LM335AH	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 100	(LM335AH ~ LM335AH)	Samples
LM335AH/NOPB	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 100	(LM335AH ~ LM335AH)	Samples
LM335AM	NRND	SOIC	D	8	95	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 100	LM335 AM	
LM335AM/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	95	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 100	LM335 AM	Samples
LM335AMX	NRND	SOIC	D	8	2500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 100	LM335 AM	
LM335AMX/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 100	LM335 AM	Samples
LM335AZ/LFT1	ACTIVE	TO-92	LP	3	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type		LM335 AZ	Samples
LM335AZ/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-92	LP	3	1800	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 100	LM335 AZ	Samples
LM335H	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 100	(LM335H ~ LM335H)	Samples



14-Jan-2016

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LM335H/NOPB	ACTIVE	то	NDV	3	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	-40 to 100	(LM335H ~ LM335H)	Samples
LM335M	NRND	SOIC	D	8	95	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 100	LM335 M	
LM335M/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	95	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 100	LM335 M	Samples
LM335MX	NRND	SOIC	D	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 100	LM335 M	
LM335MX/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 100	LM335 M	Samples
LM335Z/LFT7	ACTIVE	TO-92	LP	3	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type		LM335 Z	Samples
LM335Z/NOPB	ACTIVE	TO-92	LP	3	1800	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 100	LM335 Z	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

14-Jan-2016

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*/	All dimensions are nominal												
	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
	LM335AMX	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1
	LM335AMX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1
	LM335MX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

2-Sep-2015

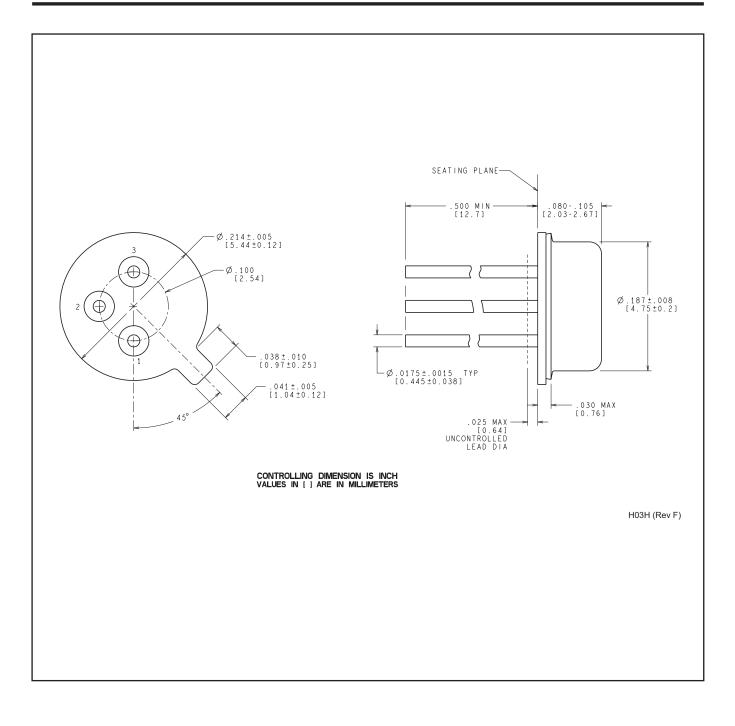


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LM335AMX	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
LM335AMX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
LM335MX/NOPB	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0

MECHANICAL DATA

NDV0003H





D (R-PDSO-G8)

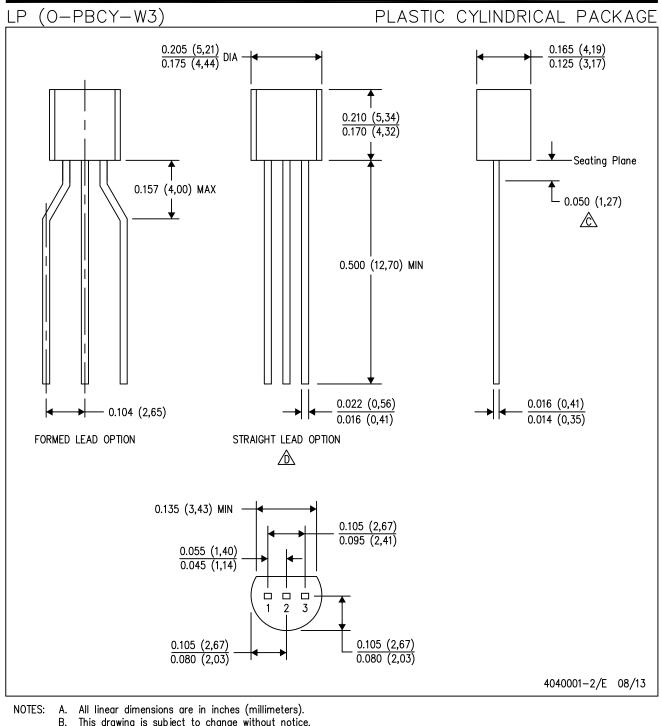
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

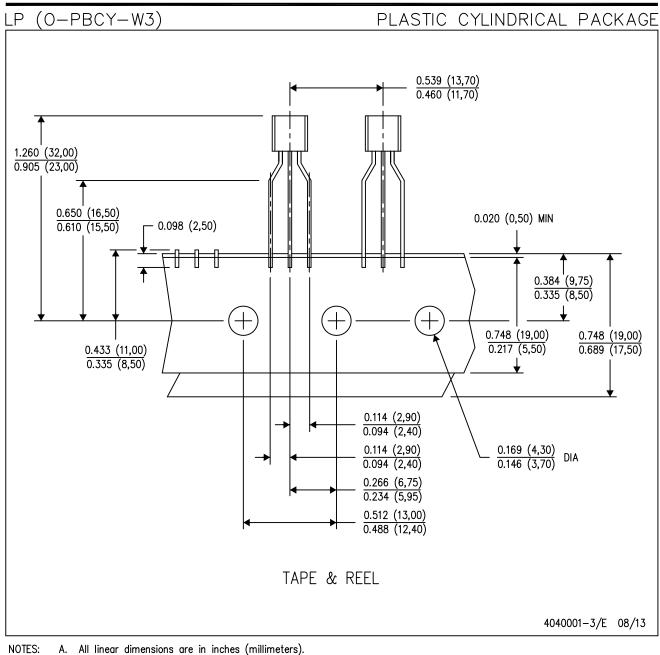




- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Lead dimensions are not controlled within this area.
- ⚠ Falls within JEDEC TO-226 Variation AA (TO-226 replaces TO-92).
- Shipping Method: E. Straight lead option available in bulk pack only. Formed lead option available in tape & reel or ammo pack. Specific products can be offered in limited combinations of shipping mediums and lead options. Consult product folder for more information on available options.



MECHANICAL DATA



- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Tape and Reel information for the Formed Lead Option package.



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