

Sample &

Buv



LM135, LM135A, LM235, LM235A, LM335, LM335A

Support &

Community

<u>. . .</u>

SNIS160E - MAY 1999-REVISED FEBRUARY 2015

# LMx35, LMx35A Precision Temperature Sensors

Technical

Documents

# 1 Features

- Directly Calibrated to the Kelvin Temperature Scale
- 1°C Initial Accuracy Available
- Operates from 400 µA to 5 mA
- Less than 1-Ω Dynamic Impedance
- Easily Calibrated
- Wide Operating Temperature Range
- 200°C Overrange
- Low Cost

# 2 Applications

- Power Supplies
- Battery Management
- HVAC
- Appliances

# 3 Description

Tools &

Software

The LM135 series are precision, easily-calibrated, integrated circuit temperature sensors. Operating as a 2-terminal zener, the LM135 has a breakdown voltage directly proportional to absolute temperature at 10 mV/°K. With less than 1- $\Omega$  dynamic impedance, the device operates over a current range of 400 µA to 5 mA with virtually no change in performance. When calibrated at 25°C, the LM135 has typically less than 1°C error over a 100°C temperature range. Unlike other sensors, the LM135 has a linear output.

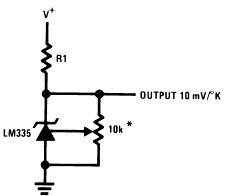
Applications for the LM135 include almost any type of temperature sensing over a  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $150^{\circ}$ C temperature range. The low impedance and linear output make interfacing to readout or control circuitry are especially easy.

The LM135 operates over a  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $150^{\circ}$ C temperature range while the LM235 operates over a  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C temperature range. The LM335 operates from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $100^{\circ}$ C. The LMx35 devices are available packaged in hermetic TO transistor packages while the LM335 is also available in plastic TO-92 packages.

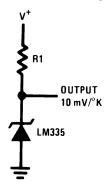
| Device information |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PACKAGE            | BODY SIZE (NOM)     |  |  |  |  |  |
| TO 46 (2)          | 4 600 mm 4 600 mm   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-46 (3)          | 4.699 mm × 4.699 mm |  |  |  |  |  |
| TO 00 (0)          | 4.00 mm + 4.00 mm   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-92 (3)          | 4.30 mm × 4.30 mm   |  |  |  |  |  |
|                    | 4.00 mm + 2.01 mm   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3010 (0)           | 4.90 mm × 3.91 mm   |  |  |  |  |  |
|                    |                     |  |  |  |  |  |

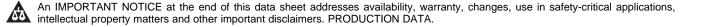
(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

#### **Calibrated Sensor**



# **Basic Temperature Sensor Simplified Schematic**





Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

# **Table of Contents**

| 1 | Feat           | tures 1                                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------------|------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | Applications 1 |                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Description 1  |                                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Rev            | ision History 2                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Pin            | Configuration and Functions 3                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Spe            | cifications 4                                        |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6.1            | Absolute Maximum Ratings 4                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6.2            | Recommended Operating Conditions 4                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6.3            | Thermal Information 4                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6.4            | Temperature Accuracy: LM135/LM235,<br>LM135A/LM235A  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6.5            | Temperature Accuracy: LM335, LM335A <sup>(1)</sup> 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6.6            | Electrical Characteristics5                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6.7            | Typical Characteristics 6                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Deta           | ailed Description 8                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 7.1            | Overview                                             |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 7.2            | Functional Block Diagram 8                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 7.3            | Feature Description                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 7.4            | Device Functional Modes9                             |  |  |  |  |  |

| 8  | Арр         | lication and Implementation               | 10 |
|----|-------------|-------------------------------------------|----|
|    | 8.1         | Application Information                   | 10 |
|    | 8.2         | Typical Application                       | 10 |
|    | 8.3         | System Examples                           | 11 |
| 9  | Pow         | er Supply Recommendations                 | 16 |
| 10 | Lay         | out                                       | 16 |
|    | 10.1        | Layout Guidelines                         | 16 |
|    | 10.2        | Layout Example                            | 16 |
|    | 10.3        | Waterproofing Sensors                     | 17 |
|    | 10.4        | Mounting the Sensor at the End of a Cable | 17 |
| 11 | Dev         | ice and Documentation Support             | 18 |
|    | 11.1        | Device Support                            | 18 |
|    | 11.2        | Related Links                             | 18 |
|    | 11.3        | Trademarks                                | 18 |
|    | 11.4        | Electrostatic Discharge Caution           | 18 |
|    | 11.5        | Glossary                                  | 18 |
| 12 | Mec<br>Info | hanical, Packaging, and Orderable         | 18 |
|    |             |                                           |    |

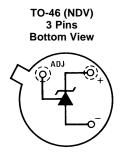
# **4** Revision History

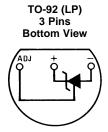
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

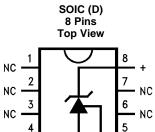
| С | hanges from Revision D (March 2013) to Revision E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Page |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| • | Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application<br>and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation<br>Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section |      |
| С | hanges from Revision C (November 2012) to Revision D                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Page |
| • | Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 18   |



# 5 Pin Configuration and Functions







**Pin Functions** 

ADJ

4

|      | P     | IN    |     | I/O | DESCRIPTION            |  |  |  |
|------|-------|-------|-----|-----|------------------------|--|--|--|
| NAME | TO-46 | TO-92 | SO8 | 1/0 | DESCRIPTION            |  |  |  |
|      | —     | —     | 1   |     |                        |  |  |  |
| N.C. | _     | —     | 2   | _   | No Connection          |  |  |  |
|      | _     | _     | 3   |     |                        |  |  |  |
| -    | _     | _     | 4   | 0   | Negative output        |  |  |  |
| ADJ  | _     | _     | 5   | I   | Calibration adjust pin |  |  |  |
|      | _     | _     | 6   |     | Na Connection          |  |  |  |
| N.C. | _     | _     | 7   | 1 — | No Connection          |  |  |  |
| +    | —     | —     | 8   | I   | Positive input         |  |  |  |

# 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)  $^{(1)(2)(3)(4)}$ 

|                      |                    | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Reverse Current      |                    |     | 15  | mA   |
| Forward Current      |                    |     | 10  | mA   |
| Storage temperature, | 8-Pin SOIC Package | -65 | 150 | °C   |
| T <sub>stg</sub>     | TO / TO-92 Package | -60 | 150 | °C   |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) Refer to RETS135H for military specifications.

(3) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(4) Soldering process must comply with the Reflow Temperature Profile specifications. Refer to http://www.ti.com/packaging.

### 6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                        |                   |                                              | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
|                        | LM135, LM135A     | Continuous ( $T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$ ) | -55 |     | 150 | °C   |
|                        | LIVITSO, LIVITSOA | Intermittent <sup>(1)</sup>                  | 150 |     | 200 |      |
| Creatified Temperature |                   | Continuous ( $T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$ ) | -40 |     | 125 | °C   |
| Specified Temperature  | LM235, LM235A     | Intermittent <sup>(1)</sup>                  | 125 |     | 150 |      |
|                        |                   | Continuous ( $T_{MIN} \le T_A \le T_{MAX}$ ) | -40 |     | 100 | °C   |
|                        | LM335, LM335A     | Intermittent <sup>(1)</sup>                  | 100 |     | 125 |      |
| Forward Current        |                   |                                              | 0.4 | 1   | 5   | mA   |

(1) Continuous operation at these temperatures for 5,000 hours for LP package may decrease life expectancy of the device.

### 6.3 Thermal Information

|                  | THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>            |        | LM235 /<br>LM235A<br>TO-92 (LP) | LM135 /<br>LM135A<br>TO-46 (NDV) | UNIT  |
|------------------|------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
|                  |                                          | 8 PINS | 3 PINS                          | 3 PINS                           |       |
| R <sub>θJ</sub>  | A Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 165    | 202                             | 400                              | °C/W  |
| R <sub>θJC</sub> | C Junction-to-case thermal resistance    |        | 170                             |                                  | 0.700 |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

### 6.4 Temperature Accuracy: LM135/LM235, LM135A/LM235A<sup>(1)</sup>

| DADAMETED        |                              | TEST CONDITIONS                             | LM135A/LM235A |      |      | LM135/LM235 |      |      | UNIT |
|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|------|
|                  | PARAMETER                    | TEST CONDITIONS                             | MIN           | TYP  | MAX  | MIN         | TYP  | MAX  | UNIT |
| Operating Output | ut Voltage                   | $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | 2.97          | 2.98 | 2.99 | 2.95        | 2.98 | 3.01 | V    |
| Uncalibrated Te  | mperature Error              | $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$ |               | 0.5  | 1    |             | 1    | 3    | °C   |
| Uncalibrated Te  | mperature Error              | $T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA   |               | 1.3  | 2.7  |             | 2    | 5    | °C   |
| Temperature Er   | ror with 25°C                | $T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA   |               | 0.3  | 1    |             | 0.5  | 1.5  | °C   |
| Calibration      | Calibrated Error at Extended | $T_{C} = T_{MAX}$ (Intermittent)            |               | 2    |      |             | 2    |      | °C   |
| Temperature      | Non-Linearity                | I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA                       |               | 0.3  | 0.5  |             | 0.3  | 1    | °C   |

(1) Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.

www.ti.com

4



SNIS160E - MAY 1999-REVISED FEBRUARY 2015

www.ti.com

# 6.5 Temperature Accuracy: LM335, LM335A<sup>(1)</sup>

| PARAMETER         |                              | TEST CONDITIONS                             | LM335A |      |      | LM335 |      |      |      |
|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
|                   | FARAIMETER                   | TEST CONDITIONS                             | MIN    | TYP  | MAX  | MIN   | TYP  | MAX  | UNIT |
| Operating Output  | Voltage                      | $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | 2.95   | 2.98 | 3.01 | 2.92  | 2.98 | 3.04 | V    |
| Uncalibrated Terr | nperature Error              | $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$ |        | 1    | 3    |       | 2    | 6    | °C   |
| Uncalibrated Terr | nperature Error              | $T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA   |        | 2    | 5    |       | 4    | 9    | °C   |
| Temperature Erro  | or with 25°C                 | $T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1$ mA   |        | 0.5  | 1    |       | 1    | 2    | °C   |
| Calibration       | Calibrated Error at Extended | $T_{C} = T_{MAX}$ (Intermittent)            |        | 2    |      |       | 2    |      | °C   |
| Temperature       | Non-Linearity                | I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA                       |        | 0.3  | 1.5  |       | 0.3  | 1.5  | °C   |

(1) Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.

# 6.6 Electrical Characteristics

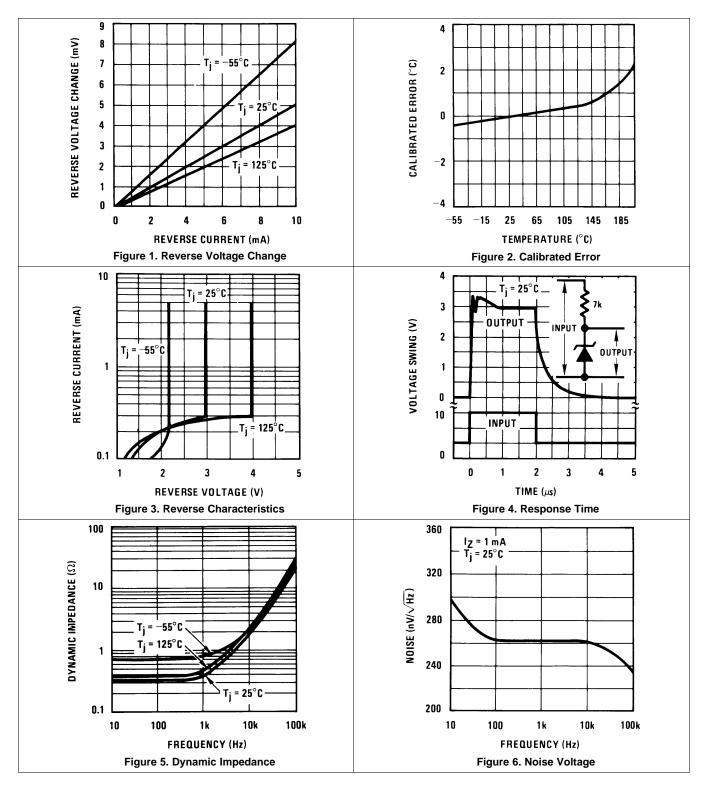
See (1).

| PARAMETER                                    | TEST CONDITIONS                                                 | LM135/LM235/LM135A/LM<br>235A |     |     | LM3 | UNIT |     |        |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|--------|
|                                              |                                                                 | MIN                           | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP  | MAX |        |
| Operating Output Voltage Change with Current | 400 $\mu$ A ≤ I <sub>R</sub> ≤ 5 mA, At<br>Constant Temperature |                               | 2.5 | 10  |     | 3    | 14  | mV     |
| Dynamic Impedance                            | I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA                                           |                               | 0.5 |     |     | 0.6  |     | Ω      |
| Output Voltage Temperature<br>Coefficient    |                                                                 |                               | 10  |     |     | 10   |     | mV/°C  |
| Time Constant                                | Still Air                                                       |                               | 80  |     |     | 80   |     | sec    |
|                                              | 100 ft/Min Air                                                  |                               | 10  |     |     | 10   |     | sec    |
|                                              | Stirred Oil                                                     |                               | 1   |     |     | 1    |     | sec    |
| Time Stability                               | $T_{\rm C} = 125^{\circ}{\rm C}$                                |                               | 0.2 |     |     | 0.2  |     | °C/khr |

(1) Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.



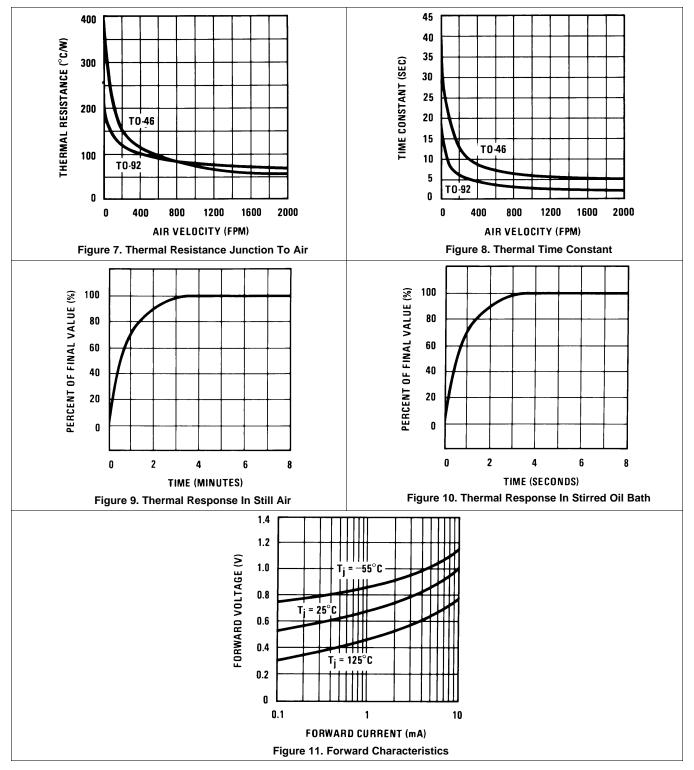
# 6.7 Typical Characteristics



6



### **Typical Characteristics (continued)**



# 7 Detailed Description

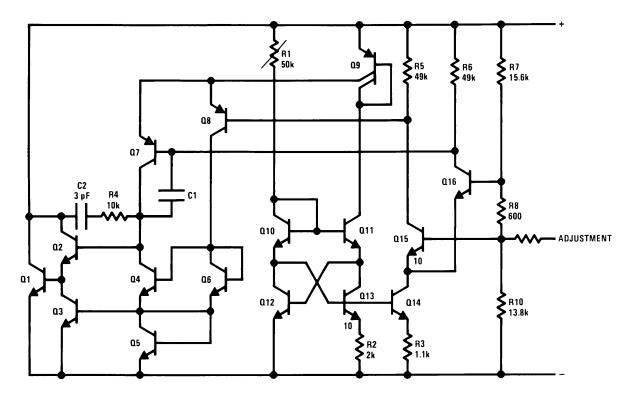
### 7.1 Overview

Applications for the LM135 include almost any type of temperature sensing over a −55°C to 150°C temperature range. The low impedance and linear output make interfacing to readout or control circuitry especially easy.

The LM135 operates over a -55°C to 150°C temperature range while the LM235 operates over a -40°C to 125°C temperature range. The LM335 operates from -40°C to 100°C.

Operating as a 2-terminal zener, the LM135 has a breakdown voltage directly proportional to absolute temperature at 10 mV/°K. With less than 1- $\Omega$  dynamic impedance, the device operates over a current range of 400 µA to 5 mA with virtually no change in performance. When calibrated at 25°C, the LM135 has typically less than 1°C error over a 100°C temperature range. Unlike other sensors, the LM135 has a linear output.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Temperature Calibration Using ADJ Pin

Included on the LM135 chip is an easy method of calibrating the device for higher accuracies. A pot connected across the LM135 with the arm tied to the adjustment terminal (as shown in Figure 12) allows a 1-point calibration of the sensor that corrects for inaccuracy over the full temperature range.

This single point calibration works because the output of the LM135 is proportional to absolute temperature with the extrapolated output of sensor going to 0-V output at 0 K (-273.15°C). Errors in output voltage versus temperature are only slope (or scale factor) errors so a slope calibration at one temperature corrects at all temperatures.

The output of the device (calibrated or uncalibrated) can be expressed as:

$$V_{OUT_{T}} = V_{OUT_{T_{0}}} \times \frac{T}{T_{0}}$$

where



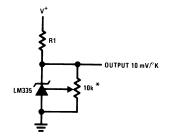
(1)

#### www.ti.com

#### Feature Description (continued)

- T is the unknown temperature in degrees Kelvin
- T<sub>o</sub> is a reference temperature in degrees Kelvin

By calibrating the output to read correctly at one temperature the output at all temperatures is correct. Nominally the output is calibrated at 10 mV/K.



Calibrate for 2.982V at 25°C

Figure 12. Calibrated Sensor

### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

The LM135 has two functional modes calibrated and uncalibrated. For optimum accuracy, a one point calibration is recommended. For more information on calibration, see *Temperature Calibration Using ADJ Pin*.

9



### 8 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 8.1 Application Information

To insure good sensing accuracy, several precautions must be taken. Like any temperature-sensing device, selfheating can reduce accuracy. The LM135 should be operated at the lowest current suitable for the application. Sufficient current, of course, must be available to drive both the sensor and the calibration pot at the maximum operating temperature as well as any external loads.

If the sensor is used in an ambient where the thermal resistance is constant, self-heating errors can be calibrated out. This is possible if the device is run with a temperature-stable current. Heating will then be proportional to zener voltage and therefore temperature. This makes the self-heating error proportional to absolute temperature the same as scale factor errors.

#### 8.2 Typical Application

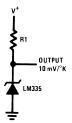


Figure 13. Basic Temperature Sensor

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

| PARAMETER                      | EXAMPLE VALUE |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Accuracy at 25°C               | ±1°C          |
| Accuracy from -55 °C to 150 °C | ±2.7°C        |
| Forward Current                | 1 mA          |
| Temperature Slope              | 10m V/K       |

 Table 1. Design Parameters

#### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

For optimum accuracy, R1 is picked such that 1 mA flows through the sensor. Additional error can be introduced by varying load currents or varying supply voltage. The influence of these currents on the minimum and maximum reverse current flowing through the LM135 should be calculated and be maintained in the range of 0.4 mA to 5 mA. Minimizing the current variation through the LM135 will provide for the best accuracy. The Operating Output Voltage Change with Current specification can be used to calculate the additional error which could be up to 1 K maximum from the LM135A, for example.



#### 8.2.3 Application Curve

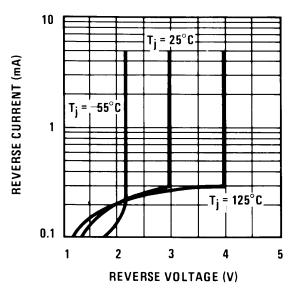


Figure 14. Reverse Characteristics

8.3 System Examples

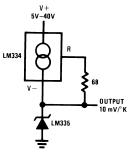
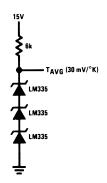


Figure 15. Wide Operating Supply



6k TMIN 10 mV/°K LM335 LM335 LM335

15V

Figure 16. Minimum Temperature Sensing

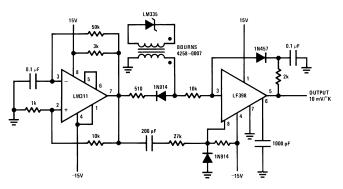


Figure 18. Isolated Temperature Sensor

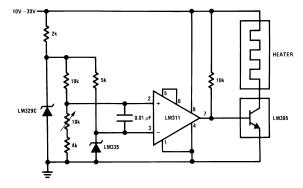
Wire length for 1°C error due to wire drop

# Figure 17. Average Temperature Sensing

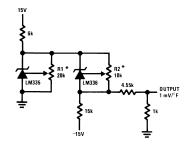
Copyright © 1999–2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated



#### System Examples (continued)



#### Figure 19. Simple Temperature Controller



Adjust R2 for 2.554V across LM336.

Adjust R1 for correct output.

#### Figure 21. Ground Referred Fahrenheit Thermometer

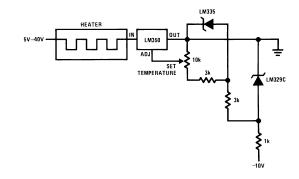
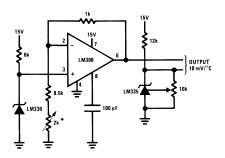
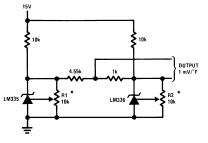


Figure 20. Simple Temperature Control



Adjust for 2.7315V at output of LM308

### Figure 22. Centigrade Thermometer



To calibrate adjust R2 for 2.554V across LM336.

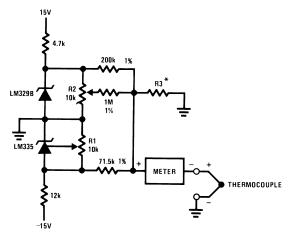
Adjust R1 for correct output.

### Figure 23. Fahrenheit Thermometer



#### System Examples (continued)

#### 8.3.1 Thermocouple Cold Junction Compensation



Compensation for Grounded Thermocouple Select R3 for proper thermocouple type

#### Figure 24. Thermocouple Cold Junction Compensation

| THERMO-COUPLE | R3 (±1%) | SEEBECK COEFFICIENT |
|---------------|----------|---------------------|
| L             | 377 Ω    | 52.3 μV/°C          |
| Т             | 308 Ω    | 42.8 μV/°C          |
| К             | 293 Ω    | 40.8 µV/°C          |
| S             | 45.8 Ω   | 6.4 µV/°C           |

Adjustments: Compensates for both sensor and resistor tolerances

1. Short LM329B

2. Adjust R1 for Seebeck Coefficient times ambient temperature (in degrees K) across R3.

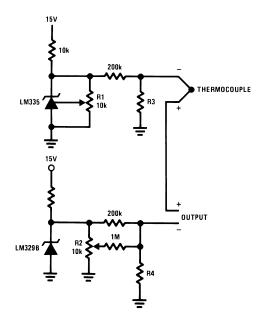
- 3. Short LM335 and adjust R2 for voltage across R3 corresponding to thermocouple type.
- J 14.32 mV K 11.17 mV
- T 11.79 mV S 1.768 mV

| THERMO-COUPLE | R3    | R4    | SEEBECK COEFFICIENT |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------|-------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| J             | 1.05K | 385Ω  | 52.3 μV/°C          |  |  |  |  |  |
| Т             | 856Ω  | 315Ω  | 42.8 µV/°C          |  |  |  |  |  |
| К             | 816Ω  | 300Ω  | 40.8 µV/°C          |  |  |  |  |  |
| S             | 128Ω  | 46.3Ω | 6.4 µV/°C           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustments:  |       |       |                     |  |  |  |  |  |

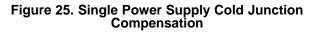
1. Adjust R1 for the voltage across R3 equal to the Seebeck Coefficient times ambient temperature in degrees Kelvin.

| 2. | <ol><li>Adjust R2 for voltage across R4 corresponding to thermoc</li></ol> |          |  |  |  |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
|    | J                                                                          | 14.32 mV |  |  |  |
|    | Т                                                                          | 11.79 mV |  |  |  |
|    | К                                                                          | 11.17 mV |  |  |  |
|    | S                                                                          | 1.768 mV |  |  |  |





Select R3 and R4 for thermocouple type



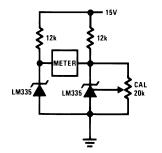
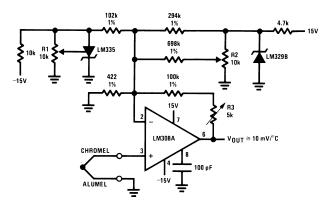


Figure 27. Differential Temperature Sensor



Terminate thermocouple reference junction in close proximity to LM335.

Adjustments:

1. Apply signal in place of thermocouple and adjust R3 for a gain of 245.7.

2. Short non-inverting input of LM308A and output of LM329B to ground.

3. Adjust R1 so that  $V_{OUT} = 2.982V @ 25^{\circ}C$ .

4. Remove short across LM329B and adjust R2 so that  $V_{OUT}$  = 246 mV @ 25°C.

5. Remove short across thermocouple.

# Figure 26. Centigrade Calibrated Thermocouple Thermometer

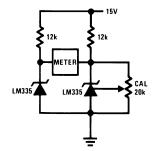
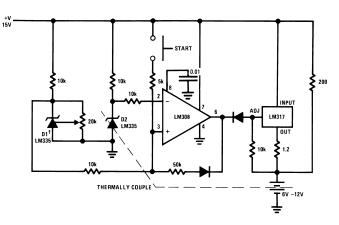


Figure 28. Differential Temperature Sensor

14 Submit Documentation Feedback

Product Folder Links: LM135 LM135A LM235 LM235A LM335 LM335A

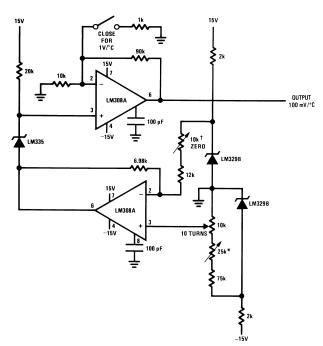




Adjust D1 to 50 mV greater  $V_Z$  than D2. Charge terminates on 5°C temperature rise. Couple D2 to battery.



SNIS160E - MAY 1999-REVISED FEBRUARY 2015

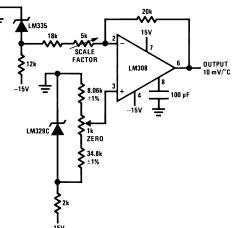


Adjust for zero with sensor at 0°C and 10T pot set at 0°C

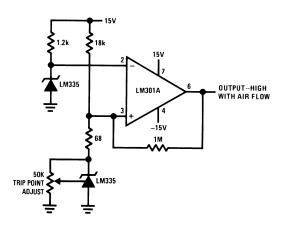
Adjust for zero output with 10T pot set at 100°C and sensor at 100°C

Output reads difference between temperature and dial setting of 10T pot

#### Figure 30. Variable Offset Thermometer







\*Self heating is used to detect air flow

Figure 32. Air Flow Detector

Figure 29. Fast Charger For Nickel-Cadmium

**Batteries** 

# 9 Power Supply Recommendations

Ensure the LM335 is biased properly with a current ranging 0.4 mA to 5 mA.

# 10 Layout

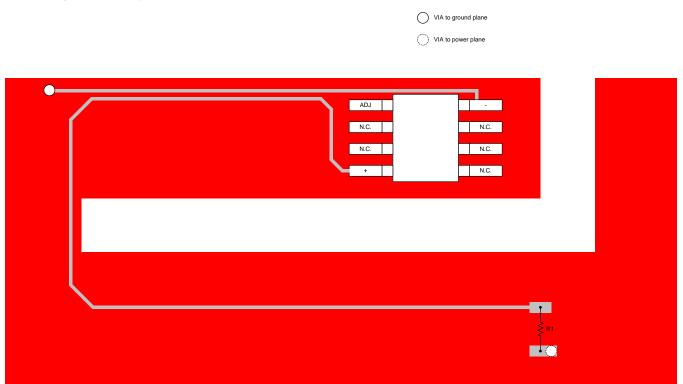
### **10.1 Layout Guidelines**

The LM135 is applied easily in the same way as other integrated-circuit temperature sensors. Glue or cement the device to a surface and the temperature should be within about 0.01°C of the surface temperature.

Efficient temperature transfer assumes that the ambient air temperature is almost the same as the surface temperature where the LM135 leads are attached. If there is a great difference between the air temperature and the surface temperature, the actual temperature of the LM135 die would be at an intermediate temperature between the two temperatures. For example, the TO-92 plastic package, where the copper leads are the principal thermal path to carry heat into the device, can be greatly affected by airflow. The temperature sensed by the TO92 package could greatly depend on velocity of the airflow as well.

To lessen the affect of airflow, ensure that the wiring to the LM135 (leads and wires connected to the leads) is held at the same temperature as the surface temperature that is targeted for measurement. To insure that the temperature of the LM135 die is not affected by the air temperature, mechanically connect the LM135 leads with a bead of epoxy to the surface being measured. If air temperature is targeted for measurement ensure that the PCB surface temperature is close to the air temperature. Keep the LM135 away from offending PCB heat sources such as power regulators. One method commonly used for thermal isolation is to route a thermal well as shown in Figure 33 with the smallest possible geometry traces connecting back to rest of the PCB.

#### **10.2 Layout Example**



### Figure 33. Layout Example

www.ti.com

**INSTRUMENTS** 

Texas

16

Product Folder Links: LM135 LM135A LM235 LM235A LM335 LM335A



### **10.3 Waterproofing Sensors**

Meltable inner-core, heat-shrinkable tubing, such as manufactured by Raychem, can be used to make low-cost waterproof sensors. The LM335 is inserted into the tubing about 0.5 inches from the end and the tubing heated above the melting point of the core. The unfilled 0.5-inch end melts and provides a seal over the device.

#### 10.4 Mounting the Sensor at the End of a Cable

The main error due to a long wire is caused by the voltage drop across that wire caused by the reverse current biasing the LM135 on. Table 2 shows the wire AWG and the length of wire that would cause 1°C error.

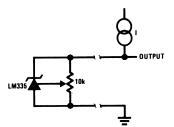


Figure 34. Cable Connected Temperature Sensor

|     | I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA | I <sub>R</sub> = 0.5 mA <sup>(1)</sup> |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------------------------|
| AWG | FEET                  | FEET                                   |
| 14  | 4000                  | 8000                                   |
| 16  | 2500                  | 5000                                   |
| 18  | 1600                  | 3200                                   |
| 20  | 1000                  | 2000                                   |
| 22  | 625                   | 1250                                   |
| 24  | 400                   | 800                                    |

#### Table 2. Wire Length for 1°C Error Due to Wire Drop

(1) For  $I_R = 0.5$  mA, the trim pot must be deleted.

# 11 Device and Documentation Support

### 11.1 Device Support

#### 11.1.1 Device Nomenclature

**Operating Output Voltage:** The voltage appearing across the positive and negative terminals of the device at specified conditions of operating temperature and current.

**Uncalibrated Temperature Error:** The error between the operating output voltage at 10 mV/°K and case temperature at specified conditions of current and case temperature.

**Calibrated Temperature Error:** The error between operating output voltage and case temperature at 10 mV/°K over a temperature range at a specified operating current with the 25°C error adjusted to zero.

#### 11.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

| PARTS  | PRODUCT FOLDER | SAMPLE & BUY | TECHNICAL<br>DOCUMENTS | TOOLS &<br>SOFTWARE | SUPPORT &<br>COMMUNITY |
|--------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| LM135  | Click here     | Click here   | Click here             | Click here          | Click here             |
| LM135A | Click here     | Click here   | Click here             | Click here          | Click here             |
| LM235  | Click here     | Click here   | Click here             | Click here          | Click here             |
| LM235A | Click here     | Click here   | Click here             | Click here          | Click here             |
| LM335  | Click here     | Click here   | Click here             | Click here          | Click here             |
| LM335A | Click here     | Click here   | Click here             | Click here          | Click here             |

#### Table 3. Related Links

# 11.3 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### **11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution**



18

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

# 11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

# 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





14-Jan-2016

# **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | •       | Pins | •    | Eco Plan                   | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking          | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|---------|------|------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
|                  | (1)    |              | Drawing |      | Qty  | (2)                        | (6)              | (3)                |              | (4/5)                   |         |
| LM135AH          | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -55 to 150   | ( LM135AH ~<br>LM135AH) | Samples |
| LM135AH/NOPB     | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | Call TI          | Level-1-NA-UNLIM   | -55 to 150   | ( LM135AH ~<br>LM135AH) | Samples |
| LM135H           | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -55 to 150   | ( LM135H ~ LM135H)      | Samples |
| LM135H/NOPB      | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | Call TI          | Level-1-NA-UNLIM   | -55 to 150   | ( LM135H ~ LM135H)      | Samples |
| LM235AH          | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 125   | ( LM235AH ~<br>LM235AH) | Samples |
| LM235AH/NOPB     | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | Call TI          | Level-1-NA-UNLIM   | -40 to 125   | ( LM235AH ~<br>LM235AH) | Samples |
| LM235H           | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 125   | ( LM235H ~ LM235H)      | Samples |
| LM235H/NOPB      | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 500  | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | Call TI          | Level-1-NA-UNLIM   | -40 to 125   | ( LM235H ~ LM235H)      | Samples |
| LM335AH          | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 1000 | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 100   | ( LM335AH ~<br>LM335AH) | Samples |
| LM335AH/NOPB     | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 1000 | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | Call TI          | Level-1-NA-UNLIM   | -40 to 100   | ( LM335AH ~<br>LM335AH) | Samples |
| LM335AM          | NRND   | SOIC         | D       | 8    | 95   | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>AM             |         |
| LM335AM/NOPB     | ACTIVE | SOIC         | D       | 8    | 95   | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>AM             | Samples |
| LM335AMX         | NRND   | SOIC         | D       | 8    | 2500 | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>AM             |         |
| LM335AMX/NOPB    | ACTIVE | SOIC         | D       | 8    | 2500 | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>AM             | Samples |
| LM335AZ/LFT1     | ACTIVE | TO-92        | LP      | 3    | 2000 | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | N / A for Pkg Type |              | LM335<br>AZ             | Samples |
| LM335AZ/NOPB     | ACTIVE | TO-92        | LP      | 3    | 1800 | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | N / A for Pkg Type | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>AZ             | Samples |
| LM335H           | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 1000 | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 100   | ( LM335H ~ LM335H)      | Samples |



14-Jan-2016

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package | Pins | Package | Eco Plan                   | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking     | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|---------|------|---------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------|
|                  | (1)    |              | Drawing |      | Qty     | (2)                        | (6)              | (3)                |              | (4/5)              |         |
| LM335H/NOPB      | ACTIVE | то           | NDV     | 3    | 1000    | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | Call TI          | Level-1-NA-UNLIM   | -40 to 100   | ( LM335H ~ LM335H) | Samples |
| LM335M           | NRND   | SOIC         | D       | 8    | 95      | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>M         |         |
| LM335M/NOPB      | ACTIVE | SOIC         | D       | 8    | 95      | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>M         | Samples |
| LM335MX          | NRND   | SOIC         | D       | 8    |         | TBD                        | Call TI          | Call TI            | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>M         |         |
| LM335MX/NOPB     | ACTIVE | SOIC         | D       | 8    | 2500    | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>M         | Samples |
| LM335Z/LFT7      | ACTIVE | TO-92        | LP      | 3    | 2000    | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | N / A for Pkg Type |              | LM335<br>Z         | Samples |
| LM335Z/NOPB      | ACTIVE | TO-92        | LP      | 3    | 1800    | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | N / A for Pkg Type | -40 to 100   | LM335<br>Z         | Samples |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

14-Jan-2016

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:**The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Texas Instruments

# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





# QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



| */ | All dimensions are nominal |                 |                    |   |      |                          |                          |            |            |            |            |           |                  |
|----|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
|    | Device                     | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing |   | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|    | LM335AMX                   | SOIC            | D                  | 8 | 2500 | 330.0                    | 12.4                     | 6.5        | 5.4        | 2.0        | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q1               |
|    | LM335AMX/NOPB              | SOIC            | D                  | 8 | 2500 | 330.0                    | 12.4                     | 6.5        | 5.4        | 2.0        | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q1               |
|    | LM335MX/NOPB               | SOIC            | D                  | 8 | 2500 | 330.0                    | 12.4                     | 6.5        | 5.4        | 2.0        | 8.0        | 12.0      | Q1               |

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

2-Sep-2015

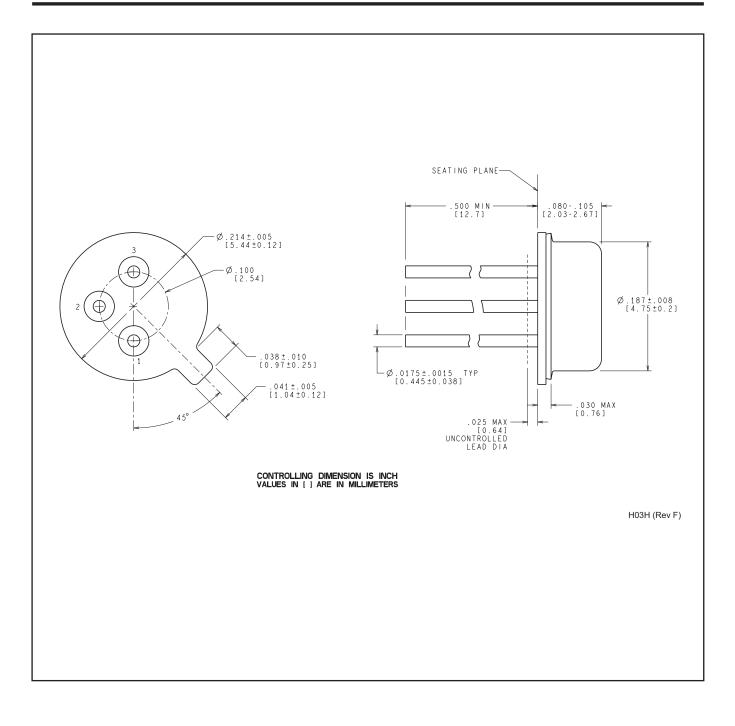


\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| LM335AMX      | SOIC         | D               | 8    | 2500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |
| LM335AMX/NOPB | SOIC         | D               | 8    | 2500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |
| LM335MX/NOPB  | SOIC         | D               | 8    | 2500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |

# **MECHANICAL DATA**

# NDV0003H





D (R-PDSO-G8)

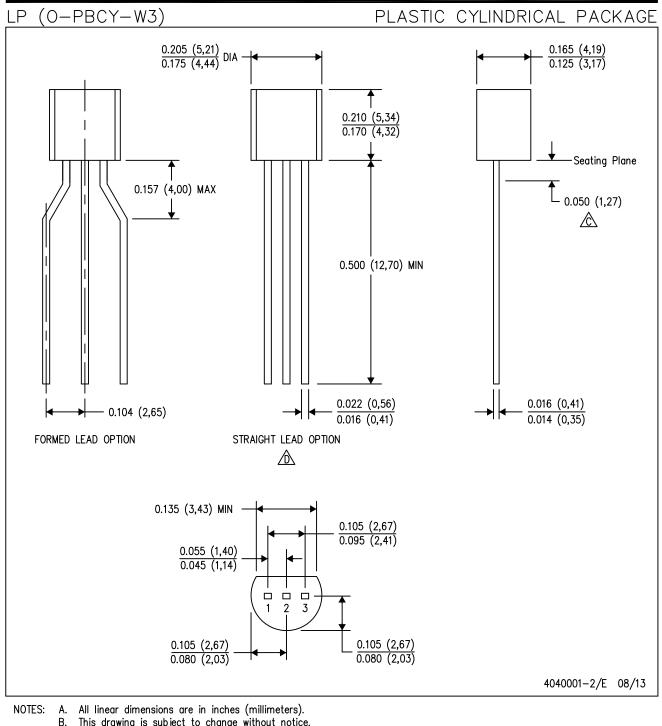
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

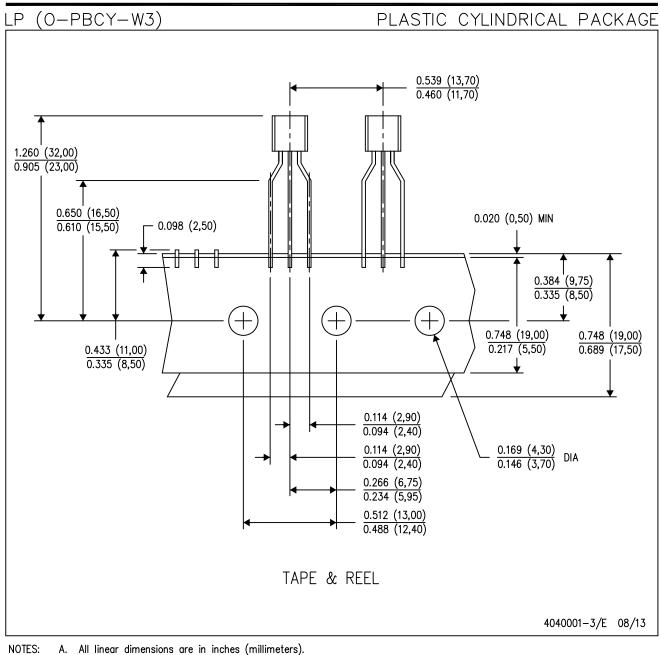




- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Lead dimensions are not controlled within this area.
- ⚠ Falls within JEDEC TO-226 Variation AA (TO-226 replaces TO-92).
- Shipping Method: E. Straight lead option available in bulk pack only. Formed lead option available in tape & reel or ammo pack. Specific products can be offered in limited combinations of shipping mediums and lead options. Consult product folder for more information on available options.



# **MECHANICAL DATA**



- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Tape and Reel information for the Formed Lead Option package.



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

| Products                     |                          | Applications                  |                                   |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Audio                        | www.ti.com/audio         | Automotive and Transportation | www.ti.com/automotive             |
| Amplifiers                   | amplifier.ti.com         | Communications and Telecom    | www.ti.com/communications         |
| Data Converters              | dataconverter.ti.com     | Computers and Peripherals     | www.ti.com/computers              |
| DLP® Products                | www.dlp.com              | Consumer Electronics          | www.ti.com/consumer-apps          |
| DSP                          | dsp.ti.com               | Energy and Lighting           | www.ti.com/energy                 |
| Clocks and Timers            | www.ti.com/clocks        | Industrial                    | www.ti.com/industrial             |
| Interface                    | interface.ti.com         | Medical                       | www.ti.com/medical                |
| Logic                        | logic.ti.com             | Security                      | www.ti.com/security               |
| Power Mgmt                   | power.ti.com             | Space, Avionics and Defense   | www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense |
| Microcontrollers             | microcontroller.ti.com   | Video and Imaging             | www.ti.com/video                  |
| RFID                         | www.ti-rfid.com          |                               |                                   |
| OMAP Applications Processors | www.ti.com/omap          | TI E2E Community              | e2e.ti.com                        |
| Wireless Connectivity        | www.ti.com/wirelessconne | ctivity                       |                                   |

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated