HARRIS

IRFP150/151/152/153
IRFP150R/151R/152R/153R

N-Channel Power MOSFETs
Avalanche Energy Rated*

August 1991

Features

- 34A and 40A, 60V - 100V
- $r_{DS(on)}$ = 0.055Ω and 0.08Ω
- Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rated*
- SOA is Power-Dissipation Limited
- Nanosecond Switching Speeds
- Linear Transfer Characteristics
- High Input Impedance

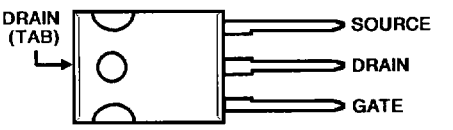
Description

The IRFP150, IRFP151, IRFP152, and IRFP153 are n-channel enhancement-mode silicon-gate power field-effect transistors. IRFP150R, IRFP151R, IRFP152R, and IRFP153R types are advanced power MOSFETs designed, tested, and guaranteed to withstand a specified level of energy in the breakdown avalanche mode of operation. All of these power MOSFETs are designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

The IRFP types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-247 plastic package.

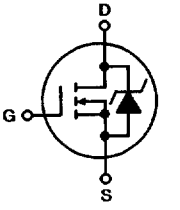
Package

TO-247
TOP VIEW



Terminal Diagram

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE



4 N-CHANNEL POWER MOSFETs

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_C = +25°C), Unless Otherwise Specified

	IRFP150 IRFP150R	IRFP151 IRFP151R	IRFP152 IRFP152R	IRFP153 IRFP153R	UNITS
Drain-Source Voltage (1) ..... V_{DS}	100	60	100	60	V
Drain-Gate Voltage (R_{GS} = 20kΩ) (1) ..... V_{DGR}	100	60	100	60	V
Continuous Drain Current					
T_C = +25°C ..... I_D	40	40	34	34	A
T_C = +100°C ..... I_D	26	26	22	22	A
Pulsed Drain Current (3) ..... I_{DM}	160	160	140	140	A
Gate-Source Voltage ..... V_{GS}	±20	±20	±20	±20	V
Maximum Power Dissipation					
T_C = +25°C ..... P_D	180	180	180	180	W
Linear Derating Factor	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	W/°C
Inductive Current, Clamped ..... I_{LM} (See Figure 14, L = 100μH)	170	170	140	140	A
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Rating (4) ..... E_{as}*	150	150	150	150	mJ
Operating and Storage Junction ..... T_J, T_{STG} Temperature Range	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	°C
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering ..... T_L (0.063" (1.6mm) from case for 10s)	300	300	300	300	°C

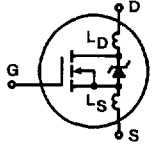
NOTES:

1. T_J = +25°C to +150°C.
2. Pulse Test: Pulse width ≤ 300μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2%.
3. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5).
4. V_{DD} = 10V, starting T_J = +25°C, L = 170μH, R_{GS} = 50Ω, I_{PEAK} = 40A. See Figure 15.

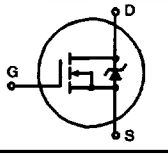
* R Suffix Types Only

File Number 2318.1

Electrical Characteristics T_C = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS MIN	LIMITS TYP	LIMITS MAX	UNITS
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage IRFP150/152, IRFP150R/152R	BV_{DSS}	V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250µA	100	–	–	V
IRFP151/153, IRFP151R/153R			60	–	–	V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250µA	2.0	–	4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage Forward	I_{GSS}	V_{GS} = 20V	–	–	500	nA
Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	I_{GSS}	V_{GS} = -20V	–	–	-500	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = Max Rating, V_{GS} = 0V	–	–	250	µA
		V_{DS} = Max Rating x 0.8, V_{GS} = 0V, T_C = +125°C	–	–	1000	µA
On-State Drain Current (Note 2) IRFP150/151, IRFP150R/151R	$I_{D(ON)}$	V_{DS} > $I_{D(ON)}$ x $r_{DS(ON)}$ Max, V_{GS} = 10V	40	–	–	A
IRFP152/153, IRFP152R/153R			34	–	–	A
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance (Note 2) IRFP150/151, IRFP150R/151R	$r_{DS(ON)}$	V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 22A	–	0.045	0.055	Ω
IRFP152/153, IRFP152R/153R			–	0.08	0.08	Ω
Forward Transconductance (Note 2)	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = 2 x VGS, I_D = 20A	13	20	–	S(℧)
Input Capacitance	C_{ISS}	V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V, f = 1.0MHz See Figure 10	–	2000	–	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{OSS}		–	1000	–	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{RSS}		–	350	–	pF
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$	V_{DD} = 50V, I_D = 40A, R_G = 6.8Ω See Figure 16. (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature)	–	15	24	ns
Rise Time	t_r		–	140	210	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(OFF)}$		–	60	89	ns
Fall Time	t_f		–	90	140	ns
Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source + Gate-Drain)	Q_g	V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 40A, V_{DS} = 0.8 Max Rating. See Figure 17 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)	–	70	110	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}		–	20	–	nC
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	Q_{gd}		–	30	–	nC
Internal Drain Inductance	L_D	Measured between the contact screw on header that is closer to source and gate pins and center of center of die. Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal device inductances. 	–	5.0	–	nH
Internal Source Inductance	L_S	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25") from header and source bonding pad.	–	12.5	–	nH
Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$		–	–	0.70	°C/W
Case-to-Sink	$R_{\theta CS}$	Mounting surface flat, smooth and greased	–	0.1	–	°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	Free air operation	–	–	30	°C/W

Source Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	I_S	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junc. rectifier. 	–	–	40	A
Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) (Note 3)	I_{SM}		–	–	170	A
Diode Forward Voltage (Note 2)	V_{SD}	T_J = +25°C, I_S = 40A, V_{GS} = 0V	–	–	2.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	T_J = +25°C, I_F = 40A, dI_F/dt = 100A/µs	98	–	530	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q_{RR}	T_J = +25°C, I_F = 40A, dI_F/dt = 100A/µs	0.41	–	2.5	µC
Forward Turn-on Time	t_{ON}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L_S + L_D.	–	–	–	–

NOTES: 1. T_J = +25°C to +150°C
2. Pulse Test: Pulse width ≤ 300µs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2%
3. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Figure 5)
4. V_{DD} = 10V, Start T_J = +25°C, L = 170µH, R_{GS} = 50Ω, I_{PEAK} = 40A (See Figure 15)

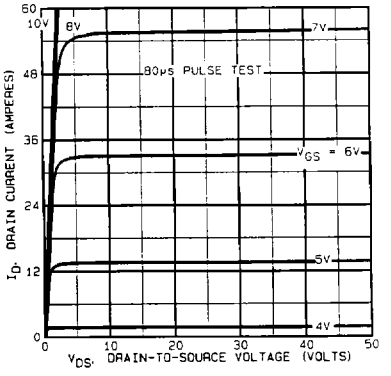


FIGURE 1. TYPICAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

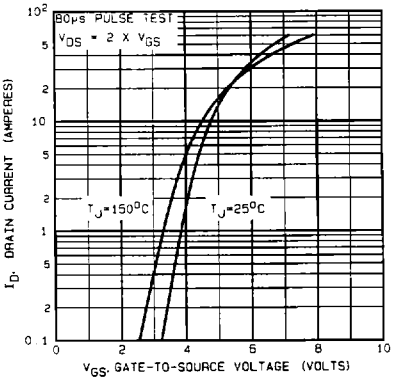


FIGURE 2. TYPICAL TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

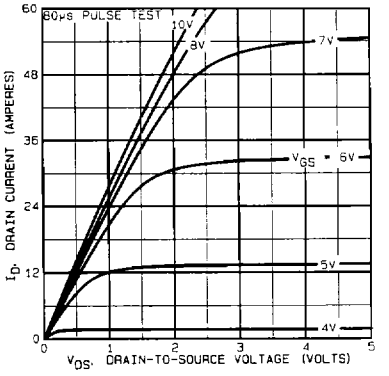


FIGURE 3. TYPICAL SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

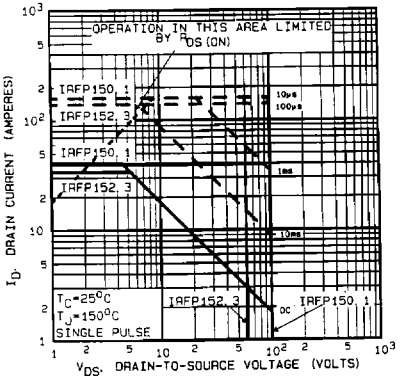


FIGURE 4. MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING AREA

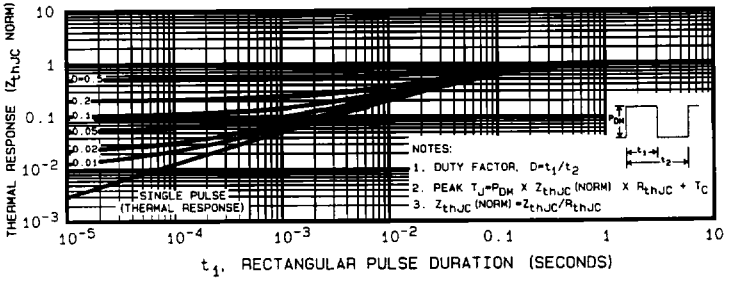


FIGURE 5. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs PULSE DURATION

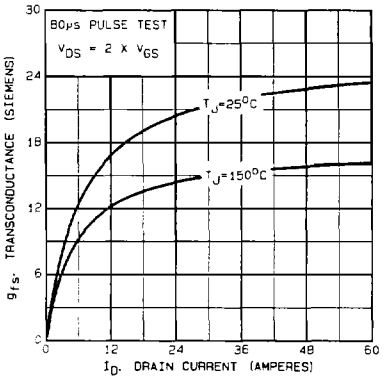


FIGURE 6. TYPICAL TRANSCONDUCTANCE vs DRAIN CURRENT

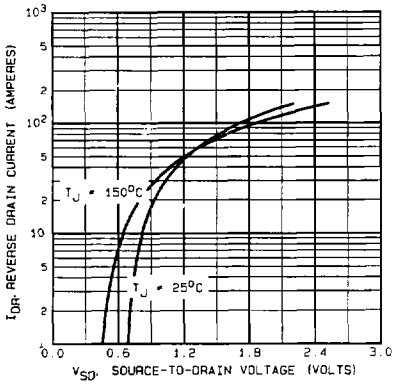


FIGURE 7. TYPICAL SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

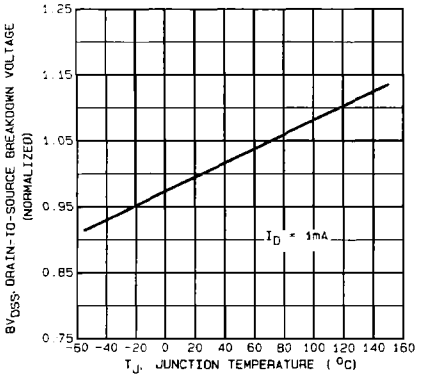


FIGURE 8. BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

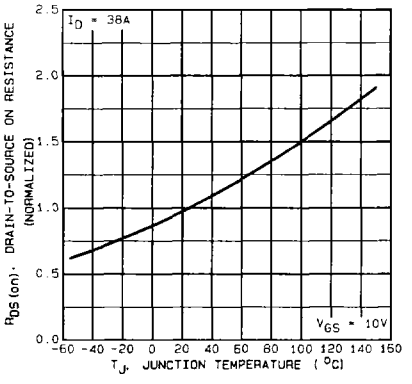


FIGURE 9. NORMALIZED ON-RESISTANCE vs TEMPERATURE

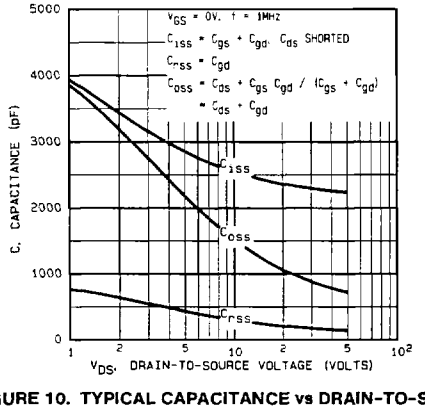


FIGURE 10. TYPICAL CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

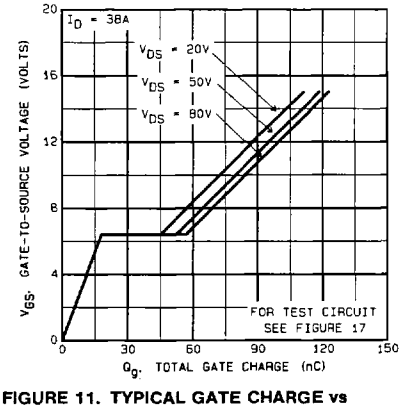


FIGURE 11. TYPICAL GATE CHARGE vs GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

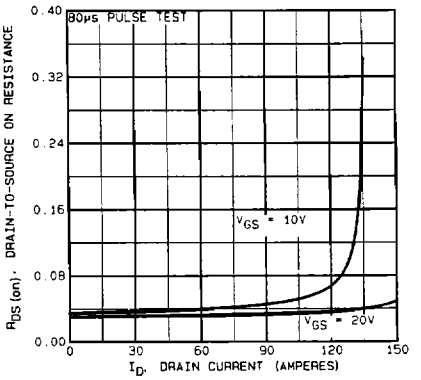


FIGURE 12. TYPICAL ON RESISTANCE vs DRAIN CURRENT

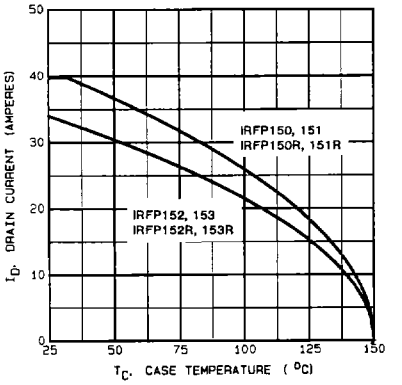


FIGURE 13. MAXIMUM DRAIN CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

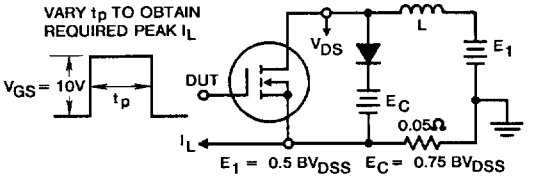


FIGURE 14a. CLAMPED INDUCTIVE TEST CIRCUIT

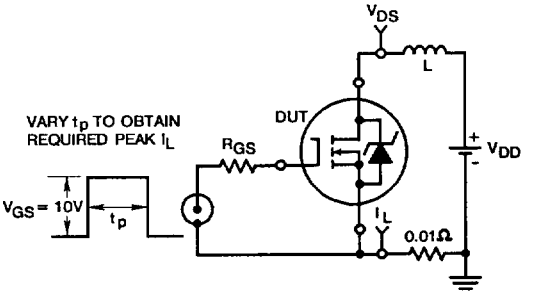


FIGURE 15a. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

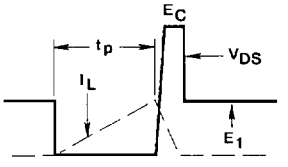


FIGURE 14b. CLAMPED INDUCTIVE WAVEFORMS

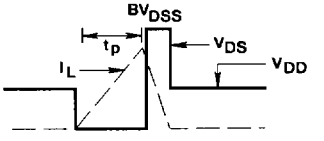


FIGURE 15b. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

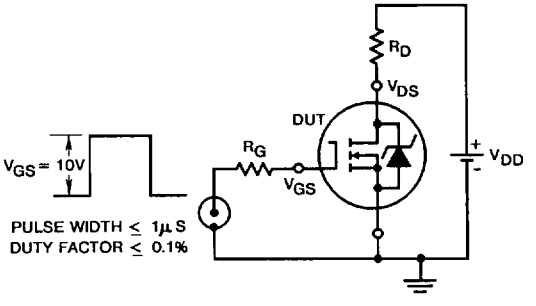


FIGURE 16. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

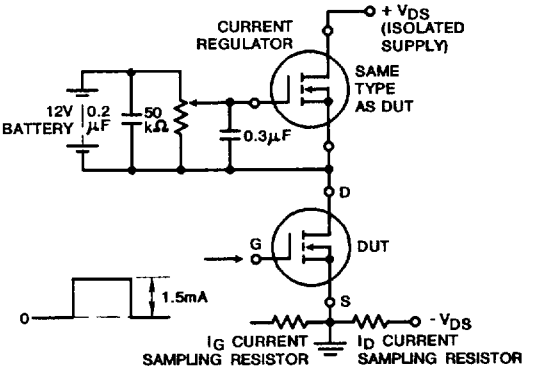


FIGURE 17. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT